Exporting your company’s goods and services can present many challenges, including the possibility of exposure to corrupt business practices. This brochure explains what you should know about this risk, including information about Canada’s anti-corruption law.
Canada’s *Corruption of Foreign Public Officials Act* and related provisions in Canada’s Criminal Code make it illegal to:

- Offer or provide a bribe to a foreign public official or conceal such activity in its books and records.
- Knowingly launder the property and proceeds of bribery.
- Possess such goods or monies with knowledge of their origin.

Under the auspices of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), countries such as Canada have agreed to take concerted action to fight corruption. As such, legal measures to deter corruption are now in place in leading trading nations.

Export Development Canada, which provides trade finance and risk management services to Canadian exporters, is committed to conducting business in accordance with the letter and spirit of Canadian law and the applicable laws of the countries in which it conducts business.

**THE ANTI-CORRUPTION CHALLENGE**

Business leaders today are faced with a complex trade environment, further complicated by the possibility of corrupt practices. Corruption impedes the free flow of goods and services across borders, distorts international trade processes and inhibits economic growth, particularly in developing countries. As a result of the criminalization in Canada of acts of corruption committed abroad, companies are strengthening their anti-corruption policies and educating employees about these anti-corruption laws.

**CORRUPTION IS CRIMINAL**

**Corruption and Bribery Are Crimes**

Effective since 1999 and strengthened in 2013, the *Corruption of Foreign Public Officials Act* makes it a criminal offence under Canadian law to bribe a foreign public official in the course of business.

Businesses convicted under the Act face heavy fines, and individuals can be sentenced to a maximum of fourteen years in jail.
WHY IS CORRUPTION BAD FOR BUSINESS?
› Corruption is a criminal offence in many countries. Violating this law may devastate your business, drastically reduce prospects, or result in jail time or fines for offenders.
› Corruption may trigger loan defaults and insurance exclusions.
› Corruption adds costs without necessarily increasing revenue.
› Corruption weakens the rule of law and inhibits economic development.
› Corruption can irreparably damage your company’s reputation.

WARNING SIGNS OF CORRUPTION
The following signs may indicate that your business has been exposed to corruption. These examples are only a few of the possible indications of commercial impropriety:
› Unusually high profit margins.
› Substantial and unjustified agent commissions.
› Business arrangements with no obvious commercial purpose.
› Requests for compensation for unspecified or questionable services such as introductions and special treatment.
› Guarantees of success in otherwise competitive bidding arrangements.

PROTECTING YOUR BUSINESS
Take proactive steps to minimize your risk:
› Demonstrate ‘tone at the top’ through strong, explicit and visible support from senior management.
› Determine if your markets present a high risk of corruption.
› Familiarize all employees with Canada’s Corruption of Foreign Public Officials Act and foreign anti-bribery laws in jurisdictions where your business operates.
› Establish an anti-corruption policy that applies and documents appropriate management control systems that combat bribery, including maintaining fair and accurate books and records.
› Require directors, officers, employees and outside parties acting on behalf of your business such as agents and partners to periodically sign an agreement to comply with this anti-corruption policy.
› Educate and train employees and outside parties on a regular basis about their responsibilities and appropriate actions to take if they encounter corruption.
› Verify the credentials of outside parties representing your company and monitor their efforts on your behalf.
› Establish a system to provide employees with advice.
› Create a confidential system for reporting suspicious behaviour.
› Establish clear disciplinary procedures for violations of anti-corruption laws and policies.
EDC’S ANTI-CORRUPTION PROGRAM

EDC has implemented an Anti-Corruption Program to educate its customers and employees about corruption and to minimize its exposure to potentially corrupt business practices.

› Like other Export Credit Agencies, EDC’s Anti-Corruption Program aims to ensure detection and deterrence of corrupt activities by, among other things, enhancing anti-corruption requirements in its financing and insurance transactions.

› EDC’s Code of Business Ethics and Code of Conduct, available at www.edc.ca, hold its employees to the highest ethical standards, minimizing EDC’s exposure to potential liability and enhancing its reputation for integrity and honesty.

EDC’s Anti-Corruption guidelines can be found at: www.edc.ca/anti_corruption

For more information, please contact: export@edc.ca

EDC’s Code of Business Ethics establishes that “under no circumstances will EDC, directly or indirectly, knowingly offer or give a bribe. Further, EDC will not support a transaction that involves the offer or giving of a bribe, and will exercise reasonable diligence and care not to support unknowingly such a transaction.”

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

THE CORRUPTION OF FOREIGN PUBLIC OFFICIALS ACT
http://laws.justice.gc.ca/PDF/C-45.2.pdf

GLOBAL AFFAIRS CANADA

ORGANISATION FOR ECONOMIC CO-OPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT
Bribery in International Business
http://www.oecd.org/corruption/anti-bribery/

Good Practice Guidance on Internal Controls, Ethics and Compliance

TRANSPARENCY INTERNATIONAL
The global coalition against corruption
www.transparency.org

INTERNATIONAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
See Advocacy, Codes & Rules – Corporate Responsibility and Anti-Corruption
www.iccwbo.org

EXPORT DEVELOPMENT CANADA
Anti-Corruption Program
www.edc.ca/anti_corruption